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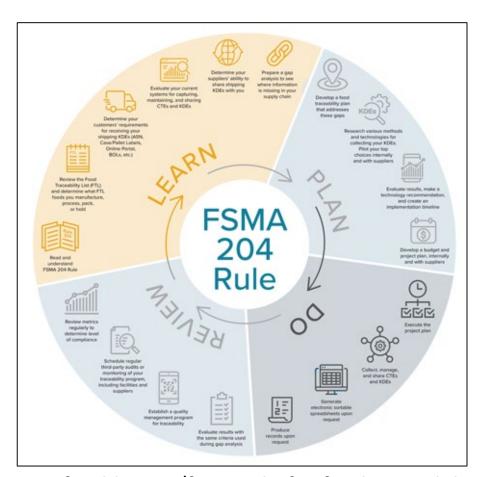
- All participants are muted.
- There will be time for questions and discussion at the end of the meeting.
- Feel free to use the chat box to ask questions as well!
- This session will be recorded and the presentation will be shared via the listserv and on our website after the call.
- The views and opinions expressed in this presentation are those of the speakers and do not necessarily reflect legal advice, views or positions of the PSA and its members, nor any entities they represent.





Introduction

- Matt Regusci,
 New Era Partners
- Johnna Hepner iFoodDS



www.ifoodds.com/fsma-rule-for-food-traceability/





Topics

- New acronyms: What they mean and why they are relevant (FTL, KDE, CTE, TLC, etc.)
- Who is exempted from this new FSMA 204 rule?
- What does a covered farmer need to do to comply with FSMA 204?
- What are the expectations for all farms from covered buyers (Packers, Processors, Distributers, Retailers, Restaurants)?
- What tools can assist with compliance with regulatory or market expectations?





Workshop

FDA Food Traceability Rule

Regusci | Feb 21, 2024

Matthew Regusci Principal Compliance Advisor New Era Partners



Matt has extensive experience building businesses in the Testing, Inspection, and Certification (TIC) industry. Early in his career, Matt co-founded of Azzule Supply Chain Program & PrimusGFS Certification & Training. Following this formative experience, he led BSI's business development in the Americas, where they became the largest GLOBALG.A.P. Certification Body in the U.S.

With Matt's help, BSI sold BSI Food Verification Services, Inc. to WQS, an international Certification Body with over 400 subcontractors, where he became a co-owner. Together with the co-owner of WQS, he successfully launched a training company which was sold with WQS to Qima, a global TIC company based in Hong Kong.

Farming runs in the family - in High School and College he assisted his grandfather in dairy nutrition studies. Matt has created, managed, and consulted the full gamut of the TIC industry from Labs, Inspections, Certifications to Supply Chain Software, Training Software, and Traceability tools.

Matt holds a B.A. Organized Leadership from Chapman University and a Doctorate of Entrepreneurship from the School of Hard Knocks.













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FSMA 204 Timeline Yellow "X" Indicates Current Date





Key Concepts of the Final Rule

- Framework of CTEs and KDEs
- Standard language
- Linking information by lot code
- Electronic and/or paper records
- Records provided to FDA within 24 hours
- Faster product identification and removal





CTE and KDE Framework

The role of the entity in the supply chain defines the data it must keep and share

Critical Tracking Events

 Harvesting, Cooling, Initial Packing, First Land-based Receiving, Shipping, Receiving, and Transforming are Critical Tracking Events (CTEs) for which records would be required.

Key Data Elements

 Required records would need to contain specific Key Data Elements (KDEs). The KDEs would depend on the CTE being performed.

The KDEs required would vary depending on the CTE that is being performed.

• The records required at each CTE would need to contain and link the KDEs to the traceability lot.



Definitions

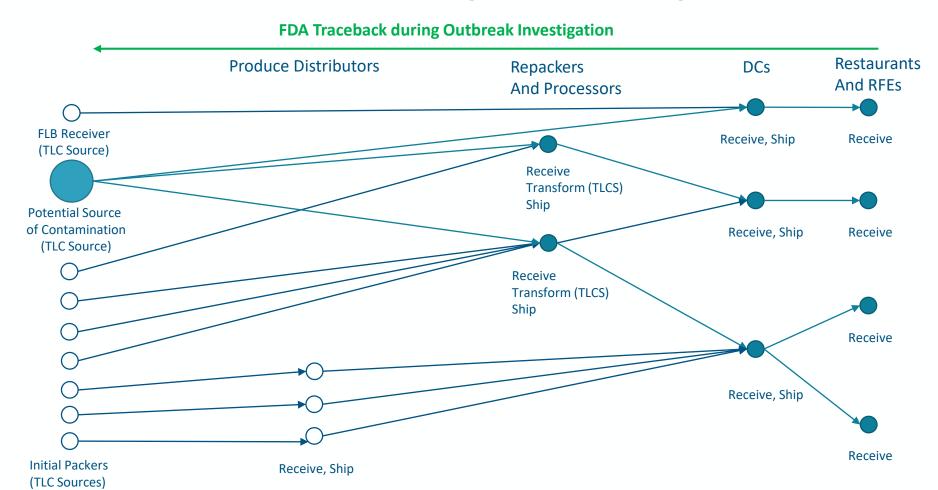
- Traceability lot means a batch or lot of food that has been initially packed (for raw agricultural commodities other than food obtained from a fishing vessel), received by the first land-based receiver (for food obtained from a fishing vessel), or transformed.
- **Traceability lot code** means a descriptor, often alphanumeric, used to uniquely identify a traceability lot within the records of the traceability lot code source.
- Traceability lot code source means the place where a food was assigned a traceability lot code.
- Traceability lot code source reference means an alternative method for providing FDA with access to the location description for the traceability lot code source as required under this subpart. Examples of a traceability lot code source reference include, but are not limited to, the FDA Food Facility Registration Number for the traceability lot code source or a web address that provides FDA with the location description for the traceability lot code source.

§1.1320: Establishing and Assigning Traceability Lot Codes

- Traceability lot codes (TLC) would be established and assigned if:
 - You initially pack a RAC, perform the first land-based receiving of a food obtained from a fishing vessel, or transform a food on the FTL
- New traceability lot codes CANNOT be established or assigned when other activities in the supply chain are conducted
 - E.g., shipping, receiving



Future state – Speeding Outbreak Investigations



Who is exempted from FSMA 204

FSMA 204 applies to all food facilities except meat, poultry, and certain egg producers.

Some exemptions to FSMA 204 include:

- Small farms (produce and aquaculture) with sales of no more than \$25,000 annual average during the previous three years
- Small retail food establishments
- Farms selling food directly to consumers
- Certain food produced and packaged on a farm
- Food that receives certain types of processing
- Transporters of food
- Foods not listed on the FTL or that have gone through a kill step
- Restaurants, RFES, or distributors that do not manufacture, process, pack, or hold foods on the FTL

FSMA regulations only apply to commercially grown, packed, and processed food or feed. Home gardeners or home food preservers are not covered under the law.





Exemptions to the Food Traceability Rule

Exemptions to the Food Traceability Rule

Start Here



FDA Food Traceability List

(fresh-cut)

(fresh, frozen, smoked)



shellfish, bivalves

(fresh and frozen)

(fresh, frozen)

Foods that contain listed foods as ingredients

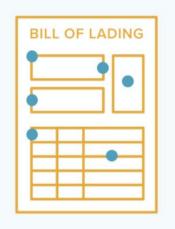
deli salads

(refrigerated)

2 New KDEs for FDA new Food Traceability Rule, FSMA 204

THE 8 KDES OF FSMA 204'S SHIPPING AND RECEIVING CTES

Where to Find Them in the Records You Already Have







Ship-To Location



Reference Document Type & Number (e.g. BOL)



Product Description





Shipment Date or Receive Date

Ship-From

Location



Quantity and Unit of Measure

6 KDEs typically found in existing systems.

2 new KDEs that require additional data capture efforts.



Traceability Lot Code

- · Used to uniquely identify a traceability lot within the records of the TLC Source.
- · Best practice is GS1 GTIN + Batch/Lot
- . Can be found in GTIN on GS1-128 case label



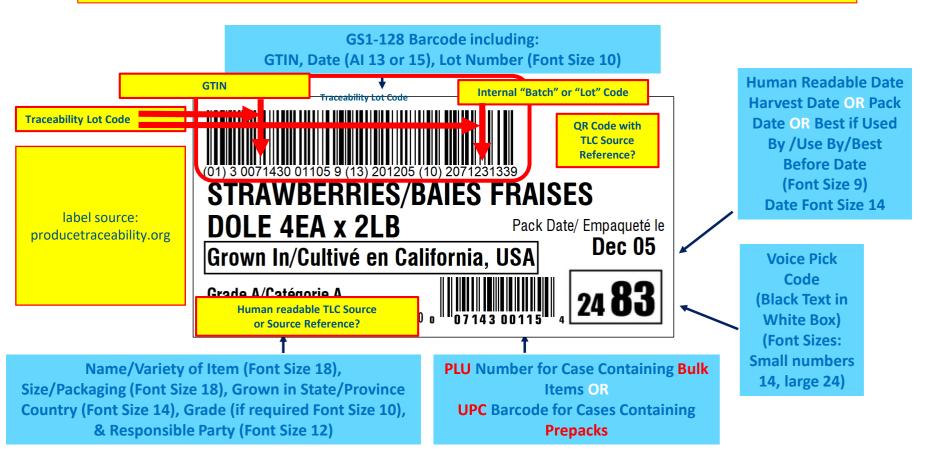
Traceability Lot Code Source or Reference

- . TLC Source = location where a food was assigned a TLC.
- TLC Source Reference = alternative to providing FDA with TLC Source (e.g., GS1 GLN , FDA FFRN, web URL).
- . Both can be found in the GLN with location description on a BOL

Total Shipping and Receiving KDEs

KDEs commonly found on Bill of Ladings & EDI messages

Remaining KDEs easily captured & shared with proven technology systems What is the difference between a batch/lot code and a Traceability Lot Code? Will the PTI Label Change?



Application of GS1 System of Standards to Support FSMA 204

Retail Grocery and Foodservice

How do GS1 Standards fit in?

"Traceability Lot Code" in Section 3.2.2 is:

- GTIN (GS1 AI(01))
- batch/lot (GS1 AI(10))



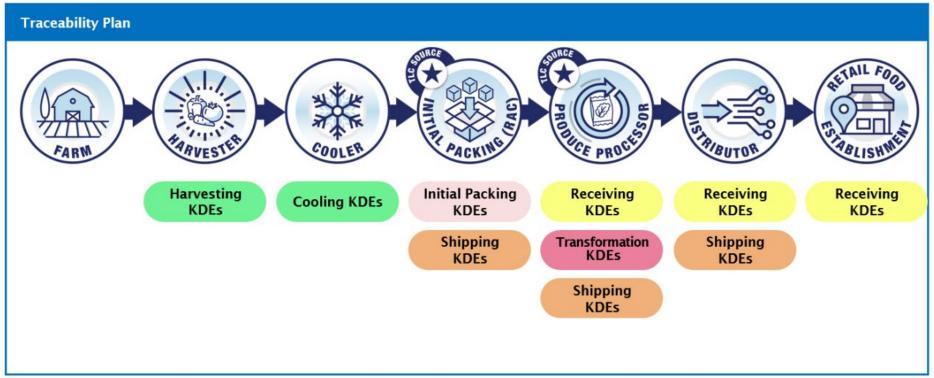
GS1 Standards Sup	porting Item-Level Traceability		
Identification Standards	Trade Items Locations & Trading Partners Logistics Units	Global Trade Item Number (GTIN) Global Location Number (GLN) Serial Shipping Container Code (SSCC)	
AIDC Standards	GS1 Barcodes GS1 EPC/RFID	GS1-128 GS1 DataMatrix QR Code with GS1 Digi Data Matrix) with GS1 RAIN RFID	
Data Standards	Master Data: Global Data Dictionary (GDD) Item Business Messaging Standard Party Business Messaging Standard	Transactional Data: eCom/EDI	Event Data: EPCIS Schema EPCIS Core Business Vocabulary
Sharing & Communication Standards	Master Data: Global Data Sharing Network (GDSN) GS1 US Data Hub Location EPCIS Master Data	Transactional Data: AS2	Event Data: EPCIS Capture EPCIS Query Discovery Services

Food Traceability Rule Electronic Sortable Spreadsheet (example of existing data sources)

For covered foods This represents an electronic sortable spreadsheet generated by a distribution center when FDA requested records for all FTL foods received from 9/18/2020 through 9/23/2020. and entities, the FDA **Immediate** may request and receive Reference Previous Receiving Quantity Product Receive TLC Source Location Description*/TLC Source Document Source Location TLC Description Date Reference Type and a sortable Location Description* UOM Number Description' PB Co. spreadsheet within 24 PB Co., Distributor 1 Peanut Butter Co. GTIN(01): 1234567890123 202 2nd St Manufacturer 1 Peanut Butter 100 1st Street Customer Mfg Date Code(13): 12-22-12 Spread, Reduced Newburgh. 100 1st Street 1/10/12 TBD hours. The sheet must Everett, MA Order_573366 Mfg Lot Code(10): ABCD123 Fat. 12ea x 18oz NY 12551 Everett, MA 02149 02149 +1 999 999 9990 include the Traceability Lot)1)11411411411404(10)FPP16-Code and Traceability Sales Order - Shipping De PO 456213 092220 Peanut Butter Manufacturer Lot Code Sov PB Co. /10/FPP16-Trucker: None selected BOL 11401 Utilizing this Peanut Butter Spread, Reduced Fat, 12ea x 18oz CS can quickly Distributor 1 Newburgh, NY 12551 "skip" multi Cancel Date: /10/FPP16-BOL 11401 Notes: Date Entered: 12/20/11 Customer: 10108 the supply c thus proceeding airectly (01)22322322322302(10)FFI2020-09to the entity that BOL 22302 Retail 1 produced the food (e.g., 12/18 OZ REDUCE FAT P/SPREAD *See Master Data Spreadsheet for full location Initial Packers).



Supply Chain Example: Cucumbers





How do I populate the CTE Records?

Farm Name	Lizzie's Farm
Address Line 1	113 Farm St
Address Line 2	
City	Farms
State (Region)	CA
Zip (Postal Code)	11311
Country	US
Telephone	999.999.9999
GLN {optional}	1234567890123

Field Name {GLN.GLN Extension}	Field Geographic Coordinates
1234567890123.A-08	-24.5000145, -11.107417
1234567890123.D-03	-24.5000144, -11.107418
1234567890123.C-02	-24.5000146, -11.107419
1234567890123.B-09	-24.5000147, -11.107416



How do I populate the CTE Records?

§ 1.1325(a) Harvest KDEs	Notes	Value	
(1)(i) Immediate subsequent recipient location description	Initial Packing location name or GLN	Packing Shed 102	
(1)(ii) Commodity		Lettuce	
(1)(ii) Variety		Romaine	
(1)(iii) Quantity & UOM		1000 Cases	
(1)(iv) Farm where food was	Could be Farm Name or	1224567800122	
harvested	GLN	1234567890123	
(1)(v) Field where food was	Could be Field Name or GLN	A-08	
harvested	Extension	A-U8	
(1)(vii) Harvest date		7/24/2023	
(1)(viii) Reference doc type and number		Harvest Rec 93495	
	your initials and today's date	AK, 7/27/2023	

FDA FSMA 204 Final Food Traceability Rule

Common Challenges and Questions

- The rule is 600 pages! How can I read and understand that much information?
- When is the enforcement date, and what happens if I am not in compliance 100%? What will FDA do?
- Am I covered by the rule? Are my suppliers all covered?
- What do I do if I am covered by the rule and some of my suppliers are not?

- What is the difference between a batch/lot code and a traceability lot code?
- How do GS1 Standards fit in? Will the PTI label change?
- How are my peers meeting the requirements of the rule?
- Are my systems capable of meeting the requirements of the rule as-is, or do I need to do something?
- What will this all cost?

Food Traceability Rule Landing Page

FSMA Final Rule on Requirements for Additional Traceability Records for Certain Foods

f Share y Tweet in Linkedin Email A Print



Content current as of: 11/17/2022

Regulated Product(s) Food & Beverages

The FDA final rule on Requirements for Additional Traceability Records for Certain Foods (Food Traceability Final Rule) establishes traceability recordkeeping requirements, beyond those in existing

- Federal Register Notice
- Docket No. FDA-2014-N-



ntpsawtne65°ood/food-safety-modernizatio@a2023nif/6.odD@cabio/h5.cdqpicespelns-adAlltithightisatessélityed

Traceability Rule FAQ Page

Traceability

Traceability Topics

- The Food Traceability List (FTL)
- Risk-Ranking Model for Food Tracing (RRM-FT)
- Initial Packer
- · First Land-Based Receiver
- Transformation
- Intracompany Shipments and Cross-Docking
- Farms
- Retail Food Establishments (RFEs)
- Comingled Raw Agricultural Commodities (RACs)
- Traceability Lot Code (TLC)
- Implementation
- Kill Step
- General

The Food Traceability List (FTL)

T.1 How did FDA determine which foods are included on the Food Traceability List (FTL)?

To determine which foods should be included on the FTL, the FDA developed a risk-ranking model for food tracing ("the Model") based on factors that Congress identified in Section 204(d)(2) of the Food Safety Modernization Act (FSMA). The Model scores commodity-hazard pairs (e.g., Shiga toxin-producing *E.coli* O157 (STEC O157) in Leafy Greens) according to data and information relevant to seven criteria described in the report Methodological Approach to Developing a Risk-Ranking Model for Food

Tracing FSMA Section 204:

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FSMA 204 Final Traceability Rule[†] in Brief

Beginning January 20, 2006, the Food Traceability Rule requires covered entities (§ 1.1300) who manufacture, process, pack, or hold foods on the Food Traceability List (FTL), to:

- Develop a Traceability Plan (§ 1.1315)
- Assign Traceability Lot Codes (§1.1320)
- Maintain Records of Critical Tracking Events
 - Harvesting & Cooling (§1.1325)
 - Initial Packing of Raw Agricultural Commodities (§1.1330)
 - First Land-Based Receiver of an FTL Food from a Fishing Vessel (§1.1335)
 - Shipping (§1.1340)
 - Receiving (§1.1345)
 - Transformation (§1.1350)
- Requirements for Records Maintenance and Availability (§1.1455)
- In cases where a covered entity fails to comply, consequences are outlined in §1.1460
- The rule includes procedures for <u>Modified Requirements and Exemptions</u>, and <u>Waivers</u>.
- Existing exemptions are listed in (§ 1.1305).
- Foods not covered by this rule are covered by the Bioterrorism Act of 2002 (<u>Subpart J</u>).



[†]Also referred to as the <u>FSMA Final Rule on Requirements for Additional Traceability Records for Certain Foods</u> or <u>CFR Title 21 Chapter 1 Subchapter A Part 1 Subpart S</u>

The rule is 600 pages! How can I read and understand that much information?

FDA Resources for the Traceability Rule

The following are important resources from FDA for better understanding the rule and answering frequently asked questions:

When is the enforcement date, and what happens if I am not in compliance 100%? What will FDA do?
Am I covered by the rule? Are my suppliers all covered?

Resources	Select FAQs
Food Traceability List	Are dried or frozen versions of FTL foods covered?
Exemption Tool	Are foods that contain FTL foods covered?
Supply Chain Examples	Is frozen cheese (on a pizza) covered? (no)
Webinar on the Food Traceability Rule	Food that will be subjected to a kill step, exemption
Technical Assistance Network (TAN)	Intracompany shipments
<u>Translations of Rule and Resources</u>	Cross Docking
Retail Food Establishments and Restaurants What Records Do I Need to Keep? What Do I Need to Know about the Rule? What Should I Know about the Traceability Plan?	When will FDA request records? When will FDA request sortable spreadsheets? What is the penalty for non-compliance? Will FDA provide a portal for submitting data?
Frequently Asked Questions	Kill step applied to nuts before making nut butter
How did FDA determine which foods are on FTL?	Does rule apply to importers?

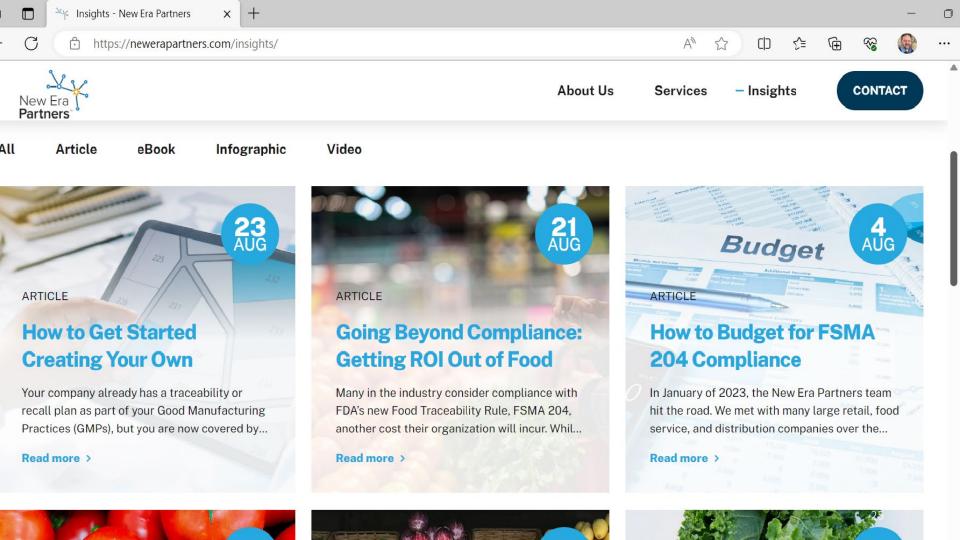


PTI Resources and FSMA 204 Templates

https://producetraceability.org/resources/ Guides PTI FSMA 204 Implementation Guidance (2024) This implementation guideline was prepared by the PTI FSMA Working Group to assist with the implementation of the FSMA Final Rule on Requirements for Additional Traceability Records for Certain Foods. FSMA 204 IMPLEMENTATION GUIDANCE PTI FSMA 204 TLC Source and Reference Guidance (2024) This guidance was prepared by the PTI FSMA Working Group to assist with the understanding of the Traceability Lot Code (TLC) Source and (TLC) Source Reference. TLC SOURCE AND REFERENCE GUIDANCE PTI FSMA 204 Electronic Sortable Spreadsheet Templates (2024) Harvester/Cooler/Initial Packer/Transformer Receiver Shipper Final Distributor Retail Store Foodservice Operation/Restaurant GS1 US Application of GS1 System of Standards to Support FSMA 204 Guideline (2023) This implementation guideline was prepared by the GS1 US FSMA 204 Workgroup to assist the United States' food industry with implementing GS1 Standards for traceability and specifically to help meet the requirements outlined in the Final Rule.

DOWNLOAD GUIDANCE (ON GS1US.ORG)

https://producetraceability.org/resources/



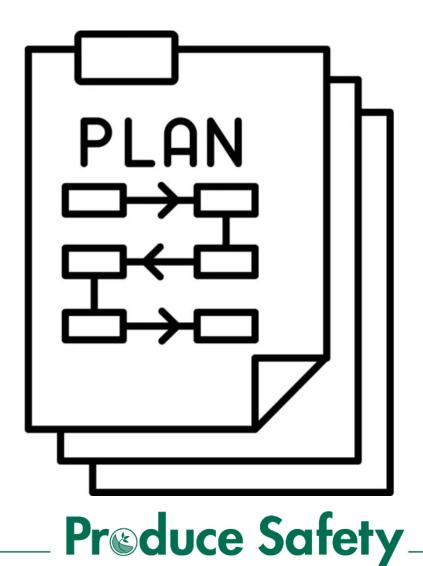


THANK YOU

Matt and Andy



Discussion





FDA Resources







← Home / Food / Guidance & Regulation (Food and Dietary Supplements) / Food Safety Modernization Act (FSMA)

/ FSMA Final Rule on Requirements for Additional Traceability Records for Certain Foods

FSMA Final Rule on Requirements for Additional Traceability Records for Certain Foods

Getting Started with the Food Traceability Rule	~
Food Traceability List (FTL)	~
Key Features	~
Full and Partial Exemptions	~
Modified Requirements, Exemptions, and Waivers	~
Modified Requirements, Exemptions, and Waivers Critical Tracking Events and Key Data Elements	~
	· ·

Guidance for Industry	~
Traceability Plan	~
Frequently Asked Questions about the Food Traceability Final Rule	~
Stakeholder Calls, Webinars, and Meetings	~
Contact Us	~
Translations	~
Additional Information	~





Spotlighted FDA Resource

This one is less easy to find, targeted at farms

Exemptions Relevant to Produce Farms Under the Produce Safety Rule and the Food Traceability Rule

- Under the "Additional Information" drop down
- Exemption-by-exemption comparison between Produce Safety Rule and Food Traceability Rule exemptions and exclusions





Next Educators' Call

 Next PSA Educators' Group call: PSA Sanitizer Tool Updates and Lessons Learned

- Date: TBD

Speaker: Donna Clements

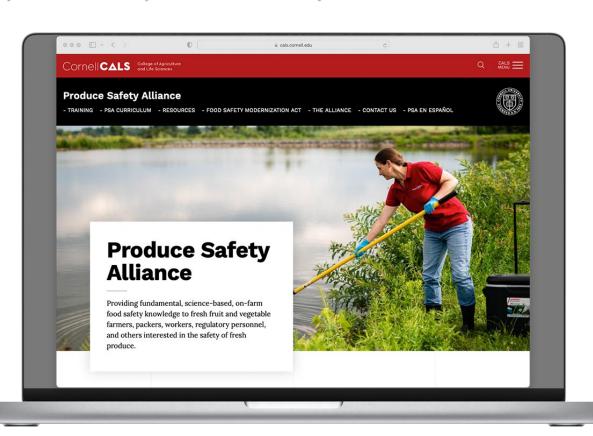
 Registration link will be shared by email through the Educators' Group Call mailing list





The PSA Website

English: producesafetyalliance.cornell.edu Spanish: es.producesafetyalliance.cornell.edu







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